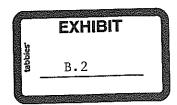
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1
          IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE
 2
                   NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OKLAHOMA
 3
 4
      W. A. DREW EDMONDSON, in his )
 5
      capacity as ATTORNEY GENERAL )
      OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA and )
 6
      OKLAHOMA SECRETARY OF THE
      ENVIRONMENT C. MILES TOLBERT,)
 7
      in his capacity as the
     TRUSTEE FOR NATURAL RESOURCES)
 8
      FOR THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA,
 9
                  Plaintiff,
10
     vs.
                                    )4:05-CV-00329-TCK-SAJ
11
     TYSON FOODS, INC., et al,
12
                  Defendants.
13
14
                        VOLUME II OF THE VIDEOTAPED
15
     DEPOSITION OF BILLY CLAY, PhD, produced as a
16
     witness on behalf of the Plaintiff in the above
17
     styled and numbered cause, taken on the 25th day of
18
     March, 2009, in the City of Tulsa, County of Tulsa,
19
     State of Oklahoma, before me, Lisa A. Steinmeyer, a
20
     Certified Shorthand Reporter, duly certified under
21
     and by virtue of the laws of the State of Oklahoma.
22
23
24
25
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1	indicated that the cattle in those subwatersheds all	
2	have access to the riparian areas or streams?	
3	A Yes.	
4	Q Can you tell me where that is in that report?	
5	A Page 87.	08:38AM
6	Q Okay. Tell us where it is you're talking	
7	about.	
8	A The upper paragraph where it says, cattle	
9	process nutrients through grass into a more readily	
10	available form of algae, compounding the problem.	MA8E:80
11	Given direct access to water, cattle frequent the	
12	riparian areas, as on hot days these areas provide	
1.3	the most shade. Thus, cattle act mostly almost as a	
14	point source depositing nutrients directly into the	
15	stream.	MA8E:80
16	Q Okay. Where does it say in that statement	
17	that all cattle have access to streams in the	
18	watershed that you have used as your assumption in	
19	order to calculate make your calculations?	
20	A It says cattle has access to the streams.	MA88:80
21	Q Okay. So you assume from that that means all	
22	cattle in all watersheds in the IRW?	
23	A It would be similar to many of these articles	
24	you provided me with a one sentence.	
25	Q That's not my question to you, sir. Is it	08:39AM

3	1	4

1	on tha	.t.	
2	Q	Okay.	
3	A	It's Dr. Jobes.	
4	Q	Dr. Jobes, thank you. Let's just talk about	
5	him re	al quick while we're there. Is he employed at	08:46AM
6	this t	ime?	
7	A	He's an emeritus faculty at Oklahoma State	
8	Univer	sity.	
9	Q	How long have is this the first time you	
10	worked	with him in preparing a paper or a report as	08:46AM
11	you've	done here?	
12	A	Yes, it is.	
13	Q	What's his education?	
14	A	He has a PhD in agricultural economics.	
15	Q	Who pays him for the work he's done?	08:46AM
16	A	Well, the in this case the defendants.	
17	Q	Is it Ozark International that's paying him?	
18	A	Yes.	
19	Q	You're not paying him from your expenses?	
20	A	No.	08:47AM
21	Q	All right. How was it you came to use Dr.	
22	Jobes?		
23	A	Well, I've known Dr. Jobes for a while. We	
24	live i	n the same section of land for that matter,	
25	and I	know he's an agricultural economist, and I	08:47AM

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1.	know h	know he's done many of these kinds of things for			
2	Oklaho	Oklahoma State University. So I sought him out and			
3	asked	him if he would be interested.			
4	Q	All right. Have you worked with him on any			
5	other	projects besides the one to prepare your	08:47AM		
6	expert	report?			
7	A	Yes.			
8	Q	What kind of projects have you worked with him			
9	on?				
10	A	We worked on a dairy project. It was a	08:47AM		
11	essent	ially a dairy economics project, but it had to			
12	do wit	do with disease status of the animals as well, and I			
13	worked	on the disease status and he worked on the			
14	econom	nics.			
15	Q	Did he write any of the report that's	08:47AM		
16	presen	ted under your name in this expert report?			
17	A	No.			
18	Q	Did he prepare most of the appendices or all			
19	of the	appendices that are attached to your report?			
20	A	Yes.	08:48AM		
21	Q	Is the Poultry Waste Management Handbook an			
22	author	rity relied on by the scientific community for			
23	purpos	ses of determining waste characteristics with			
24	poulti	poultry?			
25	A	It's one of them.	08:48AM		

_		MD CDAUEG. Object to form lack of	
1		MR. GRAVES: Object to form, lack of	•
2	founda		
3	Q	Let's look, if you would, briefly again at	
4	Exhibi	it 8, sir.	
5	A	Well, if I can find it. I must have	08:50AM
6	overlo	poked it.	
7	Q	It's the ASAE standard.	
8	A	I know what it is and, in fact, I recognize it	
9	when I	I see it but when I went through it	
10	Q	There it is.	08:50AM
11	A	I went right past it.	
1.2	Q	All right. When we I think we talked about	
13	this a	a little bit yesterday, but I want to clear up	
14	someth	ning on Table 2 at Page 718 when you look at	
1.5	fresh	manure production and characteristics for a	08:50AM
16	thousa	and live animal mass per day at that table.	
17	A	Yes, sir.	
18	Q	Are you there?	
19	A	Yes.	
20	Ò	All right. Your calculations rely on not a	08:50AM
21	thous	and pound live animal but, as you said	
22	yeste	rday, 1,300 pounds for beef; correct?	
23	A	No.	
24	Q	Okay.	
25	A	1,300 pounds represents 1.3 animal units	08:50AM
		-	

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1	converted to live animal or to a thousand pounds.			
2	All of it is converted to a thousand pounds after I			
3	created the unit.			
4	Q So all your calculations go from the 1,300 to			
5	a thousand pound?	08:51AM		
6	A Correct.			
7	Q So you take 30 percent increase out of it in			
8	order to make your comparisons?			
9	A No. To standardize it, to make it thousand			
10	pound units.	08:51AM		
11	Q All right. All right. We'll get we'll			
12	move into those later. So with regard to the total			
13	manure, though, as we see the dairy and beef, the			
14	dairy this is a manure production, is it not, as			
15	opposed to well, it doesn't include litter; it's	08:51AM		
16	just manure production, correct, on this table?			
17	A Yes. That's what it says, total manure, mean.			
18	Q Beef, you said, is the dominant animal for			
19	cattle in the watershed?			
20	A Correct.	08:51AM		
21	Q And the broilers are the dominant bird that is			
22	produced in the watershed?			
23	A Correct.			
24	Q All right, and did you use this as a reference			
25	for source of manure production in your	08:52AM		

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1	that you said was your source for the size of birds?	
2	A Yes.	
3	Q All right. That doesn't say 5.13 on it,	
4	though, does it?	
5	A Well, that was just from recall. 09:02AM	
6	Q Now, in order to get to the number of birds	
7	that you calculated are in the IRW, you relied on	
8	the census through the ZIP Code dataset; is that	
9	correct?	
10	A Yes. 09:03AM	
11	Q And you downloaded that dataset or did Mr	
12	Dr. Jobes download that dataset?	
13	A Dr. Jobes did.	
14	Q All right, and he made the calculations from	
15	that let me ask it this way: Who made the 09:03AM	
16	calculations to assign what percentage of each ZIP	
17	Code would be in the IRW?	
18	A He did that.	
19	Q What assumptions did he make in the	
20	allocation, if you will, of the birds within the ZIP 09:03AM	
21	Code?	
22	A Well, they're reported in the ZIP Code.	
23	Q I'm sorry. I didn't make my question very	
24	clear. In talking about those that lie in and	
25	outside of the boundaries of the IRW 09:04AM	

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1	A	Oh.
2	Q	what assumptions and allocations did he
3	mak	e to calculate the birds?
4	A	When we ordered the ZIP Code data, they sent
5	it	in hard copy form, as well as by E-mail. They 09:04AM
6	tol	d us what percentage of the ZIP Code was in the
7	cou	nty of each of the ZIP Codes that were involved.
8	We	then did an overlay over the watershed and
9	đet	ermined what percentage of the ZIP Code was in
10	the	watershed. 09:04AM
11	Q	And how was that overlay done?
12	A	It was done with a computer.
13	Q	And who did that?
14	A	He did that.
15	Q	And do you know what he used in order to make 09:04AM
16	the	overlay?
17	A	I don't remember.
1.8	Q	Did you see him do the work?
19	A	I saw it after he had it in place.
20	Q	Do you agree that the census provides some 09:04AM
21	con	fidentiality in the reporting of data that it
22	col	lects for the farmers?
23	A.	Yes, I do.
24	Q	Let me hand you what is marked as Exhibit No.
25	9.	Have you seen that before on the Ag Census 09:05AM

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1	deter	mine a margin of error for the estimates made			
2	from	from the calculations for the number of poultry			
3	being	produced?			
4	A	No.			
5	Q	Let me hand you what's Exhibit 38 and ask you	09:07AM		
6	if yo	u recall seeing that document.			
7	A	Yes. It looks familiar.			
8	Q	That's, in fact, Table BA from your			
9	appen	dices, is it not?			
10	A	Yes.	09:07AM		
11	Q	All right. Do you see where circles have been			
12	enter	ed on the lower portion of this document?			
13	A	Yes.			
14	Q	And do you see where they have circled some			
15	aster	isks that appear there?	09:07AM		
16	A	Yes.			
17	Q	And do you agree with me, sir, that based on			
18	the p	rior exhibit, this is ZIP Codes listed that			
19	have :	no data based upon the fact there's one to four			
20	farms	in that ZIP Code?	09:08AM		
21	A	I am.			
22	Q	Is that your understanding of why that's			
23	there	?			
24	A	It is.			
25	Q	All right, and you're saying that Dr. Jobes	09:08AM		

3	did non make any addystrant for these security
1	did not make any adjustment for those; correct?
2	A No. We were aware that there was an under
3	estimate on turkeys.
4	Q All right, and did you contact the integrator
5	that produces turkeys in this case to determine how 09:08AM
6	many turkeys they produce in the IRW?
7	A We didn't.
8	Q All right. Looking at I believe there's a
9	ZIP Code at the very last page the ZIP Code in
10	Delaware County is 74964. It would be the very last 09:08AM
11	page, almost to the middle of the
12	A Yes.
13	Q Do you see where the two circles are shown
14	there, one for a broiler and one for turkeys sold?
15	A I do, I do. 09:08AM
16	Q So that would indicate no disclosure or no
17	data provided for broilers or turkeys in that ZIP
18	Code; correct?
19	A That's correct, because there was just I think
20	two. I think there were two. 09:09AM
21	Q Did what you say you think there were
22	two. Two what?
23	A Two farms.
24	Q And did you do anything to validate or confirm
25	what you thought was true or not true? 09:09AM

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1	A	No. We knew that there would be some under	
2	estima	ate in a few places, but we were looking at a	
3	gross	estimate to begin with.	
4	Q	If you could find Exhibit 17 and we'll just	
5	look a	at that real quick and leave that handy I	09:09AM
6	guess		
7	A	17?	
8	Q	Yes, sir. That's going to be the discovery	
9	materi	ials showing the bird numbers with the summary	
10	page o	on the front.	09:09AM
11	A	I hope I didn't go past it again.	
12	Q	It's a rather thick one.	
13	A	Okay. I see it.	
14	Q	Look under the column of 2002, and can you	
15	tell r	me which integrator produces turkeys in the	09:10AM
16	waters	shed?	
17	A	Well, Cargill produces some turkeys.	
18	Q	Okay, and what is the number of birds produced	
19	in 200	02 by Cargill?	
20	A	They say 2.8 million.	09:10AM
21	Q	And do you recall how many birds, turkeys you	
22	used :	in your calculations for turkeys being	
23	produc	ced?	
24	A	Yes.	
25	Q	What was it?	09:10AM

1	A	669,000.	
2	Q	Okay. That's about 2.2 dollar 2 million	
3	birds	2.2 millions birds short of what they say;	
4	correc	et?	
5	A	Correct.	09:10AM
6	Q	Let's look at Exhibit 40, a 2002 Ag Census	
7	form.	Have you seen these documents before or this	
8	partic	cular document?	
9	A	I've looked at it, yes.	
10	Q	Okay. Unfortunately, we don't have page	09:11AM
11	number	s. I'll have to refer you to Section 9, which	
12	deals	with hogs and pigs.	
13	A	Section okay.	
14	Q	Well, actually let's go to Section 10. We'll	
15	start	with the cattle. It's the next page over.	09:11AM
16	Now, c	an you tell the court what this form is used	
17	for?		
18	A	It's a census form for individual producers to	
19	fill c	out.	
20	Q	And is this the form that ends up in the Ag	09:12AM
21	Census	data that you used in preparing your	
22	calcul	ations in this case?	
23	A	Correct.	
24	Q	Under 1A of this form, it talks about beef	
25	cows.		09:12AM

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1	A	Yes.	
2	Q	And it says include beef heifers that had	
3	calve	d; correct?	
4	A	Which in essence is cows.	
5	Q	Okay, and then under 1C it talks about other	09:12AM
6	cattle	e, which are heifers, steers, calves and bulls	
7	combir	ned; isn't that true?	
8	A	Yes.	
9	Q	All right. Doesn't that cover all of the	
10	cattle	e that would exist in a given period for	09:12AM
11	purpos	ses of a census?	
12	A	That exist, yes.	
13	Q	All right, and can you tell the court why it	
14	is the	en you added a bull in your calculations and	
15	additi	onal heifer replacements in your use of the	09:12AM
16	1.3 ar	nimal unit calculation?	
17	A	To produce the manure and the total amount of	
18	materi	al that's within the manure.	
19	Q	You didn't rely then on just the census, did	
20	you?		09:13AM
21	A	I told you from the beginning I relied on the	
22	census	, plus the data that's available to support	
23	that.		
24	Q	Wouldn't you agree with me, sir, the	
25	đefini	tions for the type of beef cow and other	09:13AM

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BILLY CLAY, DVM, Volume II, 3-25-09

1	cattles that are listed here would include heifers	
2	whether they're replacements or not?	
3	A Yes, but if you'll look closely at our	
4	calculations, what we did in determining or using	
5	those that 1.3, we didn't put the calves in	09:13AM
6	there. We put the heifers in there but no calves	
7	were included. Now, what you have in other cattle,	
8	although it's not spelled out here, is that there	
9	are a lot of cattle that are bought and sold in the	
10	watershed. There are also a lot of cattle calves	09:13AM
11	that are carried over from one year to the next to	
12	grow them.	
13	Q And aren't those all intended to be picked up	
14	in the census by the definition of the beef cows and	
15	other cattles?	09:14AM
16	A And that's what the producer does. They just	
17	count all of those cattle, add them up and put them	
18	in there.	
19	Q All right. So you would have them all in	
20	those counts, would you not?	09:14AM
21	A That's right. They'll all be in there in	
22	other cattle.	
23	Q And notwithstanding that, you still added more	
24	to it in order to do your numbers, didn't you?	
25	A Did not add more to it.	09:14AM

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BILLY CLAY, DVM, Volume II, 3-25-09

ſ				
1	Q	Well, you used a 1.3 versus a 1, didn't you.		
2	Doesn't that additional .3 include part of a bull,			
3	additi	additional heifers that are being		
4	A	1-25th of a bull.		
5	Q	Okay, and it includes replacement heifers,	09:14AM	
6	doesn'	t it?		
7	A	Heifers but no calves.		
8	Q	All right, but all the heifers are supposed to		
9	be acc	counted for by this document; don't you agree?		
10	A	As far as the production of manure and/or its	09:14AM	
11	consti	tuents, the difference between the heifers		
12	that would be included in the 1.3 and the calves is			
13	a wash	n because the calves, there are about 81,000 of		
14	them o	or could be 81,000 of them, which were not		
1.5	accour	nted when we were doing that, and the heifers	09:14AM	
16	are two heifers per eight cows.			
17	Q	Where did you get your calf number that you		
18	just :	referred to?		
19	A	Calf crop.		
20	Q	And where did calf crop?	09:15AM	
21	A	About 80 percent calf crop.		
22	Q	And that's an estimate on your part; correct?		
23	A	That's an estimate.	•	
24	Q	It's not coming from the Ag Census?		
25	A	No.	09:15AM	

TULSA FREELANCE REPORTERS 918-587-2878

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1.	A 145 million.	
2	Q And what were the total birds used for your	
3	calculations?	
4	A 151 million.	
5	Q Do you have an explanation as to why it	09:20AM
6	appears that you've under counted them and that	
7	integrator bird numbers are even lower than yours?	
8	A The integrator birds, in each case where they	
9	submitted these numbers, they said they don't keep	
10	that kind of information by year and that they would	09:21AM
11	have to make an estimate. So they made those	
12	estimates, and their estimate is 145 million. My	
13	estimate is 150 million, and Miss Smith's estimate	
14	is 151 million.	
15	Q And it appears, based upon your methodology,	09:21AM
16	you've missed several million birds in just one ZIP	
17	Code; agreed?	
18	A Apparently I did and Miss Smith did as well.	
19	That's Alexander Smith.	
20	MR. ELROD: Meagan Smith.	09:21AM
21	A Meagan Smith.	
22	Q What is the basis for your number of 49 days	
23	for a flock in the IRW?	
24	A That also came out of the similar kinds of	
25	references as I had from that book, Delmarva	09:21AM

1	appendices that you used in some circumstances, such			
2	as the first page, C2. Do you recognize that as a			
3	table that was in your appendices?			
4	A It looks like it, yes.			
5	Q Okay. Under the column animal weight, you 09:24AM			
6	have a replacement heifer for one year with an			
7	eight-year adjustment for weight and you have that			
8	at 925 pounds. Is that the way I see that or			
9	understand that? Are you with me?			
10	A Where are you? 09:24AM			
11	Q Maybe I've got the wrong exhibit here. I'm			
12	looking at Table C2.			
13	A Oh. No, this is not C2. Wait just a minute.			
14	Maybe C2 is included here. Yeah, okay, all right.			
15	Q Are you there? 09:25AM			
16	A All right. Okay. Now your question was?			
17	Q Yeah. I had one that's blown up. That's why			
18	it's a mess. Tell me how you got the calculation			
19	for the 925-pound replacement heifer.			
20	A Well, in replacing a heifer or replacing a cow 09:25AM			
21	every eight years, you actually need two heifers on			
22	the ground, and first one you keep for the first			
23	year is 600 pounds and by the second year they're			
24	925 pounds.			
25	Q So why are you using replacement heifers here 09:25AM			

TULSA FREELANCE REPORTERS 918-587-2878

09:26AM

BILLY CLAY, DVM, Volume II, 3-25-09

344 if you're trying to look at a time shot window, if 1 you will, of what's going on in the watershed? I 2 understood you to say yesterday you were trying to 3 take a moment in time, my word, not yours, about the 4 animals that are there. Why are you inserting an 09:26AM 5 eight-year replacement number in this? 6 7 Because that's what would be there. It's going to be there every year? 8 9 Yes. And tell me again why it's there every year if 09:26AM 10 it's a replacement heifer. 11 Well, because the cow lives for eight years. 12 She produces six calves, and so she has to be two 13 years old before she produces her calf. So you have 14 09:26AM to raise her to that point and breed her and then 15 have her to produce. So in order to fulfill that, 16 you have to have two heifers in the line to get them 17 to fulfill those replacements. 18 And aren't those heifers counted in the census 19 when we looked at the definition of what is supposed 09:26AM 20 to be put in the census? 21 And I explained to you earlier that, yes, we 22 knew that, but because we didn't include any of the 23 calves, we considered that there was a wash between 24

> TULSA FREELANCE REPORTERS 918-587-2878

the manure and nutrients in the heifers versus the

1	no calves included.
2	Q How do you exclude the calves when they're
3	part of a number that has a grouping of various beef
4	animals in one number?
5	A We excluded the calves because the calf crop 09:27AM
6	is based and the census is based on January, and
7	January is after the producer has sold the bulk of
8	their calf crop. They sell them in the fall, and
9	they're born in the early spring, late winter to
10	early spring, and they keep them on the property 09:27AM
11	about eight months and then they sell them, and
12	that's the way they make their money.
13	Q And so your testimony then is that based upon
14	that process, these calves are never counted in the
15	Ag Census? 09:27AM
16	A Those calves would not be counted in the Ag
17	Census, the ones that are sold. Now, if you go to
18	cattle sold, they may appear there, but we didn't
19	use that number.
20	Q Okay, all right. So the census reflects them 09:27AM
21	perhaps under a different category is what you're
22	saying?
23	A Correct.
24	Q And you ignored that category?
25	A We weren't using it in this case because we 09:28AM
	\cdot

TULSA FREELANCE REPORTERS 918-587-2878

1	wanted to include the heifers as a unit as a part of		
2	the cow.		
3	Q And why wouldn't you just go ahead and pick up		
4	the calves from the calves sold?		
5	A We could have done it that way. We didn't 09:28AN	1	
6	choose to do it that way.		
7	Q Did you make that calculation?		
8	A I don't believe we did.		
9	Q So you don't know whether it's a greater or		
10	lesser amount if you had done it that way, do you? 09:28AN	1	
11	A Well, you take 800,000 calves versus a		
12	fraction of number of heifers. You know, it's a		
13	pretty good trade-off.	•	
14	Q You didn't do the calculation to determine		
15	what their resale would be? 09:28A	√I	
16	A Oh, I think we did it on just a hand rough		
17	calculation. Dr. Jobes did.		
18	Q Looking at the the line item below this one		
19	where it says replacement heifers, six months at 600		
20	pounds? 09:28A	М	
21	A Yes, yes, yes.		
22	Q Okay. Is that a weaned weight?		
23	A Yes, approximately.		
24	Q Okay. What is the type of breed of cattle you		
25	are using to calculate these weights? 09:29A	M	

TULSA FREELANCE REPORTERS 918-587-2878

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BILLY CLAY, DVM, Volume II, 3-25-09

1	A	These are mixed breeds.	
2	Q	And those are?	
3	A	Well, there are multiple breeds in the	
4	waters	hed, both Arkansas and Oklahoma. The	
5	prefer	red type of cattle is cross bred cattle	09:29AM
6	becaus	e of the heterosis that's involved there,	
7	meanin	g hybrid vigor that's involved there. So	
8	you're	going to have a lot of English breed base	
9	cattle	that are also crossed on to Continental	
10	cattle		09:29AM
11	Q	Looking at I think it's Table AA, it shows	
12	here t	hat you've used inventory numbers for the	
13	animal	s on this page. Tell us why you used	
14	invent	ory numbers when many or a lot of those are	
15	sold b	easically in a six-month period.	09:30AM
16	A	Exactly where are you now?	
17	Q	I'm on Table AA where you're listing at the	
18	top be	ef cow down through horses and ponies.	
19	A	Oh, okay. I'm sorry.	
20	Q	And you're using inventory number; correct?	09:31AM
21	A	Depending on the animal and the focus, yes.	
22	Q	And are not some of those sold during the	
23	year,	too?	
24	A	Yeah, some could be sold during the year.	
25	Q	Did you make any calculation to reflect the	09:31AM
	1		

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1	sale of some of those?	
2	A I don't think we did, but there there's not	
3	very many sold on a relative basis because they're	
4	trying to maintain those those base herds that's	
5	involved. In other words, when you replace the	09:31AM
6	animal, you replace it in the case of cattle with	
7	the heifers.	
8	Q Look quickly at I guess C1, the large and	
9	under the heading where you talk about the broilers,	
10	you show that you use the 2.25 for the weight;	09:32AM
11	correct?	
12	A Yes.	
13	Q And five turns at 49 days?	
14	A Yes.	
15	Q Why did you use five turns at 49 days?	09:32AM
16	A We saw that used routinely in State documents.	
17	Q What State documents did you look at that told	
18	you that?	
19	A Well, the basin management document was one of	
20	them.	09:32AM
21	Q Anything else?	
22	A Well, there were several of them. I just	
23	can't remember all of them.	
24	Q Okay. Have you heard that it's not uncommon	
25	to turn flocks as many as six times?	09:32AM
	1	

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1	A And yes, and the drying process that goes			
2	on there, and also as mentioned earlier, there is			
3	some degree of decomposition that goes on there, and			
4	in that decomposition, there's nitrogen loss and			
5	there's carbon dioxide loss. 09:54AM			
6	Q Aren't those things taken into consideration			
7	in the Ag Waste Management Handbook when they show			
8	the characteristics for poultry litter?			
9	A Yes.			
10	Q Okay. So my question to you is, why would you 09:54AM			
11.	change those numbers for calculations in this			
12	lawsuit instead of use what they had published?			
13	A We were just looking at it. As you will see,			
14	we didn't absolutely use those numbers anywhere in			
15	our total calculations. What we did is just lay it 09:54AM			
16	out and looking at it from our perspective to look			
17	at. What we looked at was we actually reduced the			
18	manure itself to its absolute dry weight and then			
19	added back the given amount of moisture, as well as			
20	the amount of given amount of organic material, 09:54AM			
21	to arrive at that calculation.			
22	Q And that calculation isn't the same that's			
23	published in the Ag Waste Management Handbook, is			
24	it?			
25	A That calculation isn't the same. 09:55AM			

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1	Q When you took the manure and then you added	
2	back essentially the litter and the moisture	
3	content, didn't you?	
4	A Yes.	
5	Q That's essentially what you're doing?	09:55AM
6	A Yes.	
7	Q Well, my point is, that calculation isn't the	
8	same as is published by the Ag Waste Management	
9	Handbook?	
10	A It's similar.	09:55AM
11	Q But it's not the same, is it?	
1.2	A It's not absolutely the same, but all of these	
13	are estimates, just like all of the estimates that	
14	were provided by your consultants.	
15	Q Did did the calculation that you performed	09:55AM
16	show that there is a greater or lesser amount of	
17	poultry manure being moved out of the house?	
18	A It showed that it's from all of those	
19	people that have made calculations that were	
20	available to me, it showed that I'm kind of right in	09:55AM
21	the middle of those calculations.	
22	Q As compared to the Ag Waste Management	
23	Handbook, does it show do your calculations show	
24	that	
25	A Mine are similar. Mine numbers are similar.	09:55AM

	 			
1	Q	I haven't finished the question.		
2	A	Oh, I'm sorry.		
3		MR. TUCKER: Remember, you have to count to		
4	two.	, .		
5	A	Yes.	09:56AM	
6		MR. ELROD: You need to count to three.		
7	0	Do your calculations when you have dried		
8	_	nure, added back the litter and then it's		
9		ed at that time, that number is greater than or		
10		than what would be published in the Ag Waste	09:56AM	
11		ement Handbook?	oy, year	
12				
	A	It's similar. I can't remember the exact		
13	compar			
14	Q	Isn't it a fact it's less, sir?		
15	A	It might be slightly less.	09:56AM	
16	Q	Do you know?		
17	A	I can't remember it to be frank with you, but		
18	I have	several estimates of litter production, and		
19	that's	what they all are. They're all estimates.		
20	My est	imate is different from some of the others but	09:56AM	
21	quite similar.			
22	Q	But you went and did some additional		
23	calcul	ations in order to come up with your number		
24	when i	n fact the as-is or as-removed litter numbers		
25	are pu	blished in a waste management handbook that	09:57AM	

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1	has been adopted and accepted and utilized by	
2	experts in this field for years; do you agree with	
3	that?	
4	A I agree that there are the waste management	
5	handbook is what year is it '92. I agree that	09:57AM
6	those numbers are there. I could also tell you that	
7	no one had the numbers to calculate the amount of	
8	litter in the Illinois River watershed. We chose a	
9	method of doing that whereby we did it based on 2002	
10	census data so that we could estimate a number of	09:57AM
11	total poultry in the watershed and from that total	
12	poultry determine how much manure they're likely to	
13	produce and then convert that to a litter format.	
14	Q And given the choice in this case when you	
15	redid these calculations from what's shown in the Ag	09:57AM
16	Waste Management Handbook, you had a choice, didn't	
17	you, to use your calculations, which are lower than	
18	those that are published in the Ag Handbook;	
19	correct?	
20	A Actually, I had a choice to take an average of	09:58AM
21	the lowest estimate and an average of the highest	
22	estimate. That was a choice. I preferred to take	
23	the use the choice of my own production data.	
24	Q And the production data is from your	
25	methodology of calculating ZIP Code from the Ag	09:58AM

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1			
1.	Census	s in determining the amount of birds; correct?	
2		MR. GRAVES: Object to the form.	
3	A	That is correct.	
4	Q	Let me hand you what's been marked as Exhibit	
5	45. I	Do you recognize this page from your	09:59AM
6	append	dices?	
7	A	Yes.	
В	Q	And the page that references is A-S1 Page 5?	
9	A	Yes.	
10	Q	With a date 1-26-09 on it; correct?	09:59AM
11	A	Correct.	
12	Q	Is this a page where calculations were	
13	correc	cted and recently provided to us?	
14	A	I believe that's true.	
15	Q	Let's just start at the top and work our way	09:59AM
16	down t	through this. It says at the very top, this is	
17	a prod	cedure for converting poultry manure from	
18	as-pro	oduced to litter available for application in	
19	the II	RW.	
20	A	Correct.	10:00AM
21	Q	When you're saying from as-produced, what do	
22	you me	ean by that term?	
23	A	The manure as it comes out of the back of the	
24	bird,	converting it to litter.	
25	Q	All right, and this is the process that we	10:00AM

		501
1	just talked about where you take simply the manure?	
2	A Yes.	
3	Q Dry it independently in your calculation?	
4	A Correct.	
5	Q Add back litter based upon an estimate of what	10:00AM
6	you believe is in the barn; correct?	
7	A Correct.	
8	Q And then reduce that again by another some	
9	additional moisture content reduction; correct?	
10	A Correct.	10:00AM
11	Q Now, did you validate your calculations on the	
12	total amount of litter that has been removed from	
13	the house as compared to what Sheri Herron told you	
14	is normally removed?	
15	A Well, I made comparisons, yes.	10:01AM
16	Q And did you get 190 tons in your calculations	
17	when you did that?	
18	A Well, I think I reported that in my report.	
19	Q Do your calculations show that it's 190 tons	
20	being removed after you dried it twice?	10:01AM
21	A No. It's not a matter of 190 tons per house.	
22	This is not based on a house. This is based on	
23	total number of poultry.	
24	Q And how many average poultry are in a house on	
25	a flock?	10:01AM

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1	A Well, I didn't do it that way. I just took		
2	the total poultry to make the calculations.		
3	So you back to my initial question then,		
4	you didn't verify or validate your calculations		
5	against another known number like Sheri Herron, who 10:01AM		
б	knows how much litter is actually pulled out in		
7	tons?		
8	A Yes, I did.		
9	Q And where can you show me you did that?		
10	A Just a moment. Excuse me. It will take me a 10:02AM		
11	moment to find it.		
12	Q Are you referencing your report?		
13	A Yes. Page 17 of the report. I show a Herron		
14	number using that 190 tons and 1,800 houses of		
15	307,700 tons, and my number was 295,114, and then I 10:02AM		
16	did a calculation based on litter produced from the		
17	handbook, poultry handbook, and calculated 312,000		
18	tons, and so that was a comparator way, a way of		
19	comparing.		
20	Q So the number you have here for Herron/Clay, 10:03AM		
21	you're telling me that's 190 tons times 1,800		
22	houses?		
23	A Yes.		
24	Q Back again to the large spreadsheet that we're		
25	on in Exhibit 45. 10:03AM		

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1	A	Okay.	
2	Q	Under the column that says as-produced, is	
3	that	wet manure only?	
4	A	Yes.	
5	Q	Dry basis, what is the what is it we're	10:03AM
6	talki	ng about in the column dry basis?	
7	A	Total solids.	
8	Q	All right, and that's manure only?	
9	A	Yes.	
10	Q	And the reduction from composting, is this the	10:04AM
11	calculation you're making of the manure only without		
12	litte	r?	
13	A	Well, yes. The losses that occur in the house	
14	befor	e it's harvested.	
15	Q	Okay, and that's in addition to what's	10:04AM
16	repor	ted in the waste Ag Waste Management	
17	Handb	ook, correct; this is that additional	
18	calcu	lation we talked about earlier?	
19	A	Well, it uses some of that data to calculate	
20	it, y	es.	10:04AM
21	Q	Well, this is just reducing and you say by	
22	compo	sting the manure only; correct?	:
23	A	Yes. It's got certainly from the practical	
24	point	of view, there's litter there. I mean,	
25	there	's organic material there, but from the	10:04AM
- 1			ŧ

1.	practical point of view, just at looking at the		
2	manure because that's what's that's what's losing		
3	the components while it's in the house.		
4	Q And then the next column is entitled add for		
5	litter dry matter. Is this where you add back the	10:05AM	
6	litter?		
7	A Yes.		
8	Q And so you're putting litter back in as though		
9	it's clean at this point; correct?		
10	A Correct.	10:05AM	
11	Q What is your calculation to get the amount of		
12	litter that's in the house?		
13	A I think in broilers, I think we used 24		
14	percent, but I have that number there somewhere,		
15	also gotten out of one of those books.	10:05AM	
16	Q What is what is the calculation or source		
17	of data used for the amount of tons of litter that		
18	are in the house?		
19	A Well, we used the percentage figure of the		
20	litter that was organic, and that number was	10:05AM	
21	there's one in the Agricultural Waste Management		
22	Handbook, as well as there's other sources.		
23	Q And then the next column says, converted to		
24	litter dry matter. Explain to me what that means.		
25	A Well, the total litter with dry matter is at	10:05AM	

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1	that point, yes, but then we added 25 percent		
2	moisture back because that's the way it's harvested.		
3	Q And you add the is that the next column		
4	where you add it back?		
5	A Yes.	10:06AM	
6	Q Adjusted to removal?		
7	A Yes.		
8	Q So you're adding back the 24 percent moisture?		
9	A Right.		
10	Q Correct?	10:06AM	
11	A Correct.		
12	Q All right.		
13	A Actually it's the moisture is different		
14	from that. We used the moisture at for layers		
15	was 20.3, for broilers was 31 and for turkeys	10:06AM	
16	where's that excuse me 50 for layers, 24 and		
17	34. That's right below, and so we used in the		
18	case of layers, we used the wet litter system,		
19	meaning it's put on the concrete and scraped off.		
20	Q Okay, and then the next column is your less	10:07AM	
21	transported. We talked yesterday about the 70,000		
22	tons		
23	A Yes.		
24	Q that you say were transported in 2007;		
25	correct?	10:07AM	

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BILLY CLAY, DVM, Volume II, 3-25-09

A. Yes. 1. 2 And then the last column is what you conclude is a net for application, that is, that was the 3 amount that will go out of the barn and be land 4 applied; is that the way I understand? 10:07AM 5 Be available for land application. 6 What is the moisture content of the net for 7 application in this calculation? 8 Well, it's around 25 percent but it -- but for 9 10:08AM the -- because the layer is in there, it would be a 10 11 little higher than that for the total. For the broiler, it's around 25 percent. For the layer, 12 it's higher. 13 Go down to the next row where you have the 14 10:08AM layer, broilers and turkeys listed there. 15 16 Uh-huh, yes. Under dry basis, what is the 75 percent number 17 that you're using this? 18 75 percent is that that's how much water is in 19 10:08AM it. 20 All right, and the source of that 21 documentation is what? 22 We looked at that yesterday. You gave me a 23 document and showed that across the board, and that 24 25 was in I think ag waste characteristics. 25 percent 10:08AM

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1	was the dry basis for the solids.	
2	Q Tell the court, if you would, please, in the	
3	next column there that you, I think, have a listing	
4	for the broilers of 31.17 percent. Is that what you	
5	referred to as a delay factor?	10:09AM
б	A Correct.	
7	Q And is that what we've been talking about this	
8	delay factor, that additional drying that is	
9	occurring based upon the manure by itself?	
10	A Drying and loss of components.	10:09AM
11	Q Okay, and so you've reduced that to a ratio or	
12	a percentage over time; is that what that is?	
13	A Correct.	
14	Q And is this for are these calculations for	
15	a single flock?	10:09AM
16	A No. It would be for a house.	
17	Q And how many flocks would have been in on this	
18	period of time?	
19	A We used five.	
20	Q Let's go down to the next block of numbers	10:09AM
21	where it says actual numbers.	
22	A Yes.	
23	Q And the poultry litter as removed, you have	
24	manure tons. Is the manure tons there actual manure	
25	or is it litter?	10:10AM

1	A If you'll notice in parenthesis over to the
2	left, it says litter.
3	Q All right. That's my point. The column says
4	manure, but in fact this is litter from poultry?
5	A In the case for all of the rest of them, it's 10:10AM
6	manure, and in the case of poultry, it is litter
7	because we're focusing on what is available to be
8	put on or is put on the watershed or on the land.
9	Q What was your source again for how much clean
10	litter is put into a barn? 10:10AM
11	A Well, it's more than one source, but there is
12	a statement there. In the case of ag waste
13	characteristics, they talk about 10 tons, but in my
14	communication with folks that put litter in houses,
15	it ranges from 10 to 15 tons. So it's and they 10:11AM
16	say more commonly 15 tons, and then every time they
17	decake, they put they put in another 5 tons.
18	Q Okay. Let's look at the column phosphorus
19	where we have the both areas we have poultry
20	litter as removed up above in the actual numbers. 10:11AM
21	That says 6.2 million phosphorus. Do you see that?
22	A No. Just a minute. Where are we again? Give
23	me
24	Q We're in the first block of actual numbers.
25	A Okay. 10:11AM

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1	Q	Poultry litter removed in the phosphorus		
2	column	column.		
3	A	Yes, okay.		
4	Q	6.2 million?		
5	A	6.2 million pounds.	10:11AM	
6	Q	All right, and go to the next block below it		
7	under	the same column same heading, and you have a		
8	4.7 m	illion pounds of phosphorus, do you not?		
9	A	Correct.		
10	Q	Explain to the court the reason for the	10:12AM	
11	reduct	tion in the phosphorus occurring in those two		
12	instar	nces.		
13	A	In the first instance, the first table, it		
14	shows	litter as removed from the houses, and in the		
15	second	d table, it's litter available to be applied.	10:12AM	
16	That r	means litter produced or harvested from the		
17	houses	s minus exported litter.		
18	Q	So the phosphorus reduction is solely due to		
19	export	ted litter from the 6.2 million to the 4.7		
20	millio	on number?	10:12AM	
21	A	That is correct.		
22	Q	What, if any, calculation did you make for any		
23	waste	being imported to the IRW?		
24	A	None.		
25	Q	Did you talk to John Everett to determine	10:12AM	

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1	whether or not he knew waste had been imported?	
2	A Yes. Well, I didn't talk to John Everett	
3	about that, but I talked to others who had indicated	
4	that some of it had been moved inside the watershed,	
5	but I also did some further review and discovered	10:13AM
6	that there are others out there that export other	
7	than Sheri Herron, and one particular individual, a	
8	guy by the name of Morton, told me, and he didn't	•
9	show me his numbers, but he told me, he said I haul	
10	about 60,000 tons out of here a year.	10:13AM
11	Q And who is Mr. Morton?	
12	A He's a person with D&M Litter Transport.	
13	Q And do you know whether or not he participated	
14	in the subsidy program?	
15	A Said he did not.	10:13AM
16	Q And do you know whether or not some of the	
17	waste that he's actually removing is reported	
18	through Herron?	
19	A He said he didn't have direct line or	
20	communication with Herron.	10:14AM
21	Q Do you know whether or not the that Morton	
22	is actually receiving subsidy through a program	
23	monitored by	
24	A I do not.	
25	Q And you didn't look at his numbers to know	10:14AM

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1	grown significantly?
2	A That is true.
3	Q And so applications occurring then would have
4	a better chance of protection from the grass
5	strands; would you agree? 10:40AM
6	MR. GRAVES: Object to form.
7	A It would be possible for some portions of that
8	to get protected by grass leaves.
9	Q And we, I think, agreed yesterday, and correct
10	me if I'm wrong, that there's always going to be 10:41AM
11	some moisture content in the soil in the IRW, is
12	there not?
1.3	A Well, there are times on the surface when it
14	is extremely low. So to answer it literally, yes,
15	you can always extract some moisture out of it, but 10:41AM
16	there are there are many times that on the
17	surface when there's not much there.
18	Q Okay, and you would agree that at the time of
19	the application, farmers are trying to time it so
20	that rain comes and does what's necessary to 10:41AM
21	fertilize the grass with poultry waste; correct?
22	A They are interested in the grass growing, and
23	water is a requirement.
24	Q All right. On Page 15 of your report, sir,
25	you criticize the work prepared by Engel and Smith 10:41AM

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1	in the mass balance. Do you recall those	
2	statements?	
3	A Yes. I think they called it a mass balance,	
4	and I said I didn't believe that it was designed as	
5	a mass balance. It looked to me like it was	10:42AM
6	designed as a as what is produced in the	
7	watershed predominantly.	
8	Q Is that what you said in your report or is	
9	that what you're saying now?	
10	A Well, I'm interpreting what I said in the	10:42AM
11	report. I'm not reading it.	
12	Q All right. Tell the court, if you would,	
13	please, what experience you have with conducting or	
14	performing any mass balances.	
15	A Well, I've not done many mass balances.	10:42AM
16	Q How many	
17	A But I've read about what the components of	
18	mass balances are.	
19	Q How many mass balances have you actually	
20	operated or performed yourself?	10:42AM
21	A I don't know that I've done any.	
22	Q Have you received any specific education or	
23	training in the use of performing a mass balance?	
24	A Well, personal experience and involvement in	
25	the business.	10:43AM

1	in 1999 reporting 1997 information. They had the
2	53,000. They also reported dairy cows there of
3	2,675, and they did talk about pounds per year of
4	nitrogen and calculated for both beef cattle and
5	dairy cattle, and then if you look in the next 10:50AM
б	column, we had both Oklahoma and Arkansas data for
7	total number of beef cattle as well as milk cows,
8	and in this case we had other cattle which we could
9	add to it.
10	Q And those are based upon the 2002 census 10:50AM
11	materials?
12	A Yes.
13	Q All right.
14	A So then we made a comparator of 1997 data to
15	calculate a watershed number on the very right 10:50AM
16	column using the same percentages from the column to
17	the left, and so then from that, we were able to
18	calculate the down below, the pounds of nitrogen
19	that each of the animals would have produced based
20	on our beef cattle numbers and our dairy cattle 10:51AM
21	numbers, and we used the weight, absolute weight of
22	the animals in this case because that's what the
23	weight of the animals was used in the Conservation
24	Commission.
25	Q And that weight is reflected as the beef 10:51AM

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1	mile.		
2	Q	Okay. Who prepared this map? Let me back up.	
3	Who di	d the calculations that underlie the data that	
4	create	d this map?	
5	A	We did the calculations, and Tim Sullivan did	10:55AM
6	the ma	.p.	
7	Q	All right. When you say we did the	
8	calcul	ation, are you referring to yourself and Dr.	
9	Jobes?		
10	A	Yes.	10:55AM
11	Q	And what part of the calculation did you	
12	perfor	m?	
13	A	Well, these are the total cattle density I	
14	mean,	the total cattle numbers per ZIP Code.	
15	Q	What part of the calculations did you perform	10:55AM
16	in pre	paring the underlying data that created the	
17	map?		
18	A	Well, I participated in the development of	
19	those,	and I don't remember specifically which	
20	number	s I wrote down.	10:55AM
21	Q	Did you operate the computer with a	
22	spread	sheet in it in order to crunch the numbers?	
23	A	Dr. Jobes did that.	
24	Q	All right, and the data that was used came	
25	from t	he 2002 Ag Census; is that correct?	10:55AM

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		M-1	
_	_		
1	A	That's correct.	
2	Q	And the category is from sold or inventory?	
3	A	The category is from the way we calculated it,	
4	which	included cattle in inventory of both other	
5	cattle	e as well as beef cows.	10:56AM
6	Q	Okay. So rather than sold, you're using	
7	invent	tory numbers again; correct?	
8	A	That is correct.	
9	Q	All right, and did you rely on how did you	
10	place	them on the map, based upon subwatersheds or	10:56AM
11	ZIP Co	ode?	
12	A	ZIP Code.	
13	Q	All right, and you did that for both sides,	
14	Arkans	sas and Oklahoma; correct?	
15	A	Yes.	10:56AM
16	Q	How did you were there in your beef cattle	
17	numbei	rs any asterisks shown in the census data that	
18	would	not have been picked up in this calculation?	
19	A	No.	
20	Q	So the beef in fact, it's true, if you look	10:56AM
21	at tha	at schedule that shows the Ag Census data,	
22	there	doesn't appear to be any asterisks in the	
23	column	ns under the ZIP Codes for the beef categories,	
24	is the	ere?	
25	A	No.	10:57AM

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BILLY CLAY, DVM, Volume II, 3-25-09

1.	Q Th	at's a correct statement?	
2	A Ye	s. I thought I was answering it correctly	
3	from t	here was no asterisks.	
4	Q Ye	ah. Thank you.	
5	A Ok	ay.	10:57AM
6	Q Who	o made the decision on what order streams to	
7	reflect in	n this map?	
8	A The	at was Tim Sullivan.	
9	Q Die	d you instruct him what to use or did he	
1.0	make that	determination himself?	10:57AM
11	A I	asked him what order streams he had	
12	available		
13	Q Ba	sed on this map, Exhibit 47, you would agree	
14	that the	density of cattle is much greater in the	
15	Arkansas	side than in the Oklahoma side?	10:58AM
16	A Yes	s.	
17	Q In	your errata, you lowered your estimate of	
18	manure yo	u say is deposited in the riparian area.	
19	Would tha	t not have changed your percentages also	
20	for acces	s to the riparian areas?	10:58AM
21	A The	e number that was lowered was minuscule,	
22	from a 57	.1 number or 58 number to 57.1 or	
23	something	like that.	
24	Q So	your answer is that it didn't change the	
25	percentag	e of access to the riparian area number?	10:58AM

1	Q Okay. At Page 16 of your report at the very	
2	top it says actually it starts at the bottom. It	
3	says, of livestock and wildlife present in the	
4	watershed, cattle excrete approximately 50 percent	
5	of the phosphorus, and you show the tons, with about	11:01AM
6	44 percent of that placed in or near the ephemeral	
7	streams or flowing streams. Where did you get your	
8	44 percent number, sir?	
9	A It's actually 45 percent with the correction.	
10	That came out of the estimate that I that I had	11:01AM
11	made here that we talked about in Appendix F.	
12	Q All right. When you talk of Dr. Storm's	
1.3	report of 231,000 tons of poultry litter, did you	
14	actually read his report?	
15	A Yes,	11:01AM
16	Q And do you know whether he was reporting as-is	
17	or removed as the term you like to use or dry	
18	weight?	
19	A It was	
20	MS. LONGWELL: Object to form.	11:02AM
21	A Excuse me. It was my interpretation that he	
22	was talking about he was talking about a removed.	
23	Q Do you recall whether or not there's a	
24	specific citation to whether it was removed or dry	
25	weight?	11:02AM

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1	A	I don't.	
2	Q	Do you recall what the source of the material	:
3	was th	at he relied on for his litter calculations in	
4	that r	eport?	
5	A	Yes. I believe he did county data.	11:02AM
6	Q	Okay, and have you heard of or reviewed a	
7	report	called Poultry Waste Georgia, 50 Million	
8	Dollar	Forgotten Crop by Larry Vest about 1993?	
9	A	You presented that to me earlier, sometime	
10	yester	day, yes.	11:02AM
11	Q	And do you know whether or not Dr. Storm	
12	relied	on information contained in that report for	
13	his?		
14	A	He did cite it.	
15	Q	Okay, and did you review that material that I	11:02AM
16	just t	alked about, the Georgia report?	
17	A	I did see it, yes.	
18	Q	Is it in your considered materials?	
19	A	Yes, I believe this is it right here.	
20	Q	Okay. I think I provided that to you. It's	11:03AM
21	not in	your considered materials, is it?	
22	A	Yes, it is in my considered materials.	
23	Q	Okay. I stand corrected. Looking at Page 17	
24	of you	r report, sir, where you have the tons listed	
25	there,	and the one that's NRAES132/Clay	11:04AM

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